

Financial results



31 July 2014

BT GROUP PLC

RESULTS FOR THE FIRST QUARTER TO 30 JUNE 2014

BT Group plc (BT.L) today announced its results for the first quarter to 30 June 2014.

		First quarter to 30 June 2014	
		£m	Change
Revenue ¹		4,354	(2)%
Underlying revenue ² excluding transit			0.5%
EBITDA ¹		1,435	0%
Profit before tax	- adjusted ¹	638	7%
	- reported	546	22%
Earnings per share	- adjusted ¹	6.5p	10%
	- reported	5.6p	27%
Normalised free cash flow ³		122	£182m
Net debt		7,079	£(979)m

Gavin Patterson, Chief Executive, commenting on the results, said:

“We have made a good start to the year. We have delivered growth in underlying revenue excluding transit and in profit before tax, and free cash flow was strong.

“Our fibre broadband network now covers more than twenty million premises. We are passing over 70,000 additional premises each week and demand is strong with more than three million already signed up. We have announced a further 2,500 new jobs in recent months to support our strategic investments in fibre and customer service.

“I’m excited by the launch of BT One Phone for the business market as well as our other mobility plans. We’ll say more on these later this financial year. The second season of BT Sport is about to start with a great line-up of content and it will continue to be free with BT Broadband. We are building on solid foundations and I am confident we will deliver on our strategy.”

Key points for the first quarter:

- Underlying revenue excluding transit up 0.5%
- Cost transformation running at a similar pace to last financial year; underlying operating costs⁴ excluding transit and BT Sport down 3%
- EBITDA¹ flat and earnings per share¹ up 10%
- BT Global Services and BT Business both grew EBITDA despite lower revenue
- Our outlook remains unchanged

¹ Before specific items. Specific items are defined on page 3

² Excludes specific items, foreign exchange movements and the effect of acquisitions and disposals

³ Before specific items, purchases of telecommunications licences, pension deficit payments and the cash tax benefit of pension deficit payments

⁴ Excludes specific items, foreign exchange movements and the effect of acquisitions and disposals, and is before depreciation and amortisation

BT Group Communications

BT Centre
81 Newgate Street
London
EC1A 7AJ

BT Group plc
Registered Office:
81 Newgate Street London EC1A 7AJ
Registered in England and Wales no. 4190816
www.btplc.com

GROUP RESULTS FOR THE FIRST QUARTER TO 30 JUNE 2014

	First quarter to 30 June		
	2014	2013	Change
	£m	£m	%
Revenue			
- adjusted ¹	4,354	4,449	(2)
- reported	4,354	4,449	(2)
- underlying revenue excluding transit			0.5
EBITDA			
- adjusted ¹	1,435	1,440	0
- reported	1,391	1,356	3
Operating profit			
- adjusted ¹	783	743	5
- reported	739	659	12
Profit before tax			
- adjusted ¹	638	595	7
- reported	546	449	22
Earnings per share			
- adjusted ¹	6.5p	5.9p	10
- reported	5.6p	4.4p	27
Capital expenditure²	516	596	(13)
Normalised free cash flow³	122	(60)	n/m
Net debt	7,079	8,058	£(979)m

Line of business results¹

First quarter to 30 June	Revenue			EBITDA			Free cash flow ³		
	2014	2013 ⁴	Change	2014	2013 ⁴	Change	2014	2013 ⁴	Change
	£m	£m	%	£m	£m	%	£m	£m	%
BT Global Services	1,647	1,752	(6)	213	210	1	(337)	(262)	(29)
BT Business	762	785	(3)	240	236	2	190	109	74
BT Consumer	1,046	950	10	238	231	3	227	146	55
BT Wholesale	525	638	(18)	126	157	(20)	11	(31)	n/m
Openreach	1,245	1,245	0	624	605	3	298	269	11
Other and intra-group items	(871)	(921)	5	(6)	1	n/m	(267)	(291)	8
Total	4,354	4,449	(2)	1,435	1,440	0	122	(60)	n/m

¹ Before specific items

² Before purchases of telecommunications licences

³ Before specific items, purchases of telecommunications licences, pension deficit payments and the cash tax benefit of pension deficit payments

⁴ Certain results have been restated. See Note 1 to the condensed consolidated financial statements

Notes:

1. The commentary focuses on the trading results on an adjusted basis, which is a non-GAAP measure, being before specific items. Unless otherwise stated, revenue, operating costs, earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation (EBITDA), operating profit, profit before tax, net finance expense, earnings per share (EPS) and normalised free cash flow are measured before specific items. This is consistent with the way that financial performance is measured by management and reported to the Board and the Operating Committee and assists in providing a meaningful analysis of the trading results of the group. The directors believe that presentation of the group's results in this way is relevant to the understanding of the group's financial performance as specific items are those that in management's judgement need to be disclosed by virtue of their size, nature or incidence. In determining whether an event or transaction is specific, management considers quantitative as well as qualitative factors such as the frequency or predictability of occurrence. Specific items may not be comparable with similarly titled measures used by other companies. Reported revenue, reported operating costs, reported EBITDA, reported operating profit, reported profit before tax, reported net finance expense, reported EPS and reported free cash flow are the equivalent unadjusted or statutory measures.
2. Trends in underlying revenue, trends in underlying operating costs, and underlying EBITDA are non-GAAP measures which seek to reflect the underlying performance of the group that will contribute to long-term profitable growth and as such exclude the impact of acquisitions and disposals, foreign exchange movements and any specific items. We focus on the trends in underlying revenue and underlying operating costs excluding transit as transit traffic is low-margin and is significantly affected by reductions in mobile termination rates.

Enquiries

Press office:

Ross Cook

Tel: 020 7356 5369

Investor relations:

Damien Maltarp

Tel: 020 7356 4909

A conference call for analysts and investors will be held at 9.00am today and a simultaneous webcast will be available at www.bt.com/results

The second quarter and half year results for 2014/15 are expected to be announced on Thursday 30 October 2014.

About BT

BT is one of the world's leading providers of communications services and solutions, serving customers in more than 170 countries. Its principal activities include the provision of networked IT services globally; local, national and international telecommunications services to its customers for use at home, at work and on the move; broadband and internet products and services and converged fixed/mobile products and services. BT consists principally of five customer-facing lines of business: BT Global Services, BT Business, BT Consumer, BT Wholesale and Openreach.

For the year ended 31 March 2014, BT Group's reported revenue was £18,287m with reported profit before taxation of £2,312m.

British Telecommunications plc (BT) is a wholly-owned subsidiary of BT Group plc and encompasses virtually all businesses and assets of the BT Group. BT Group plc is listed on stock exchanges in London and New York.

For more information, visit www.btplc.com

BT Group plc

GROUP RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER TO 30 JUNE 2014

Overview

Our key measure of the group's revenue trend, underlying revenue excluding transit, was up 0.5%. This was driven by BT Consumer where revenue was up 10% primarily reflecting the benefit of BT Sport and the take-up of fibre broadband.

BT Global Services revenue was lower with the benefits of our investments in the high-growth regions of the world being offset by revenue declines elsewhere, including in the UK public sector. BT Business revenue declined reflecting lower calls and lines volumes. Ofcom's Narrowband Market Review and the migration of services off a previously terminated contract again impacted BT Wholesale revenue. Openreach revenue remained flat as regulatory price changes offset growth in fibre broadband.

Our cost transformation is running at a similar pace to last financial year, with underlying operating costs³ excluding transit and BT Sport down 3%. Our lines of business showed strong management of costs as we continue to share best practice around the group.

We have passed more than 20m premises with our fibre broadband rollout. Openreach achieved 341,000 net fibre additions, 29% more than last year. Over 3m homes and businesses are connected to our fibre broadband network, 15% of those passed. We have more than 2.3m retail fibre broadband customers, having added 226,000 this quarter. The UK broadband market¹ grew by 163,000, of which our share was 104,000 or 64%.

Income statement

Revenue of £4,354m was down 2% reflecting a £71m negative impact from foreign exchange movements and a £46m reduction in transit revenue. Underlying revenue excluding transit was up 0.5% compared with a 1.1% decline last year.

Operating costs² decreased by £90m to £2,919m. Underlying operating costs³ excluding transit were up 1% but decreased 3% excluding BT Sport.

Net labour costs decreased 4%. Payments to telecommunications operators were down 18% primarily reflecting lower transit volumes in BT Wholesale and lower call volumes.

Property and energy, network operating and IT and other costs increased £67m, or 6%, with higher BT Sport costs partly offset by our cost transformation activities. Within this, BT Sport programme rights charges were £78m (Q1 2013/14: £nil).

Adjusted EBITDA of £1,435m was flat. Depreciation and amortisation of £652m was down 6%, in line with last quarter. Adjusted net finance expense was £145m, down £1m.

Adjusted profit before tax was £638m, up 7% reflecting the decline in depreciation and amortisation. Reported profit before tax (which includes specific items) was £546m, up 22%. The effective tax rate on the profit before specific items was 19.9% (Q1 2013/14: 22.6%).

Adjusted EPS of 6.5p was up 10%. Reported EPS (which includes specific items) was 5.6p, up 27%. These are based on a weighted average number of shares in issue of 7,856m (Q1 2013/14: 7,839m).

Specific items

Specific items resulted in a net charge after tax of £70m (Q1 2013/14: £114m). Restructuring charges of £44m (Q1 2013/14: £84m) were incurred as part of our group-wide restructuring programme and relate primarily to leavers, and property and network rationalisation. Net interest expense on pensions was £73m (Q1 2013/14: £59m). We recognised a £25m gain on the disposal of an investment.

¹ DSL and fibre

² Before depreciation and amortisation

³ Excludes specific items, foreign exchange movements and the effect of acquisitions and disposals, and is before depreciation and amortisation

Capital expenditure

Capital expenditure¹ was £516m. This was 13% lower than last year reflecting the phasing of expenditure within the year. Capital expenditure was net of £73m grant funding (Q1 2013/14: £12m) relating to our activity on the Broadband Delivery UK (BDUK) programme. The increase in funding compared with last year broadly offset the overall increase in our fibre capital expenditure.

Free cash flow

Normalised free cash flow² was an inflow of £122m, £182m better than last year. The improvement reflects movements in working capital and lower levels of capital expenditure, partly offset by higher tax payments. The net cash cost of specific items was £80m (Q1 2013/14: £134m) mainly comprising restructuring costs of £63m (Q1 2013/14: £106m) and property rationalisation costs of £9m (Q1 2013/14: £12m). After specific items and a £19m cash tax benefit from pension deficit payments, reported free cash flow was an inflow of £61m (Q1 2013/14: £174m outflow).

Net debt and liquidity

Net debt was £7,079m at 30 June 2014, an increase of £51m since 31 March 2014 but £979m lower than at 30 June 2013. We incurred a cash cost of £141m on our share buyback programme, acquiring 39m shares. We continue to expect to spend around £300m on our share buyback programme for the year as a whole.

We issued a five year €1bn bond with an effective annualised interest rate of 2.7%. Proceeds of £811m were used in part to repay a €750m (£631m) bond which matured in the quarter. Debt of £0.5bn matured in July and a further £0.2bn is repayable during the remainder of 2014/15. At 30 June 2014 the group had cash and current investment balances of £2.2bn and available facilities of a further £1.5bn, providing us with a strong liquidity and funding position.

Pensions

The IAS 19 net pension position at 30 June 2014 was a deficit of £5.8bn net of tax (£7.2bn gross of tax), compared with £5.6bn (£7.0bn gross of tax) at 31 March 2014. The higher deficit primarily reflects a fall in the real discount rate. The IAS 19 accounting position and key assumptions for the valuation are:

	30 June 2014	31 March 2014
	£bn	£bn
IAS 19 liabilities – BTPS	(47.0)	(46.7)
Assets – BTPS	40.0	39.9
Other schemes	(0.2)	(0.2)
IAS 19 deficit, gross of tax	(7.2)	(7.0)
IAS 19 deficit, net of tax	(5.8)	(5.6)
Discount rate (nominal)	4.15%	4.25%
Discount rate (real)	0.92%	0.97%
RPI inflation	3.20%	3.25%
CPI inflation	1.0% below RPI until 31 March 2016 and 1.2% below RPI thereafter	0.75% below RPI until 31 March 2016 and 1.2% below RPI thereafter

We have commenced work on the next triennial actuarial valuation of the BT Pension Scheme ('the Scheme') which will be calculated as at 30 June 2014.

On 4 July 2014 the Scheme entered into arrangements to hedge part of the Scheme's exposure to potential increases in longevity. These arrangements required no additional cash contributions from BT.

On 16 July 2014 the Court of Appeal handed down its judgment on the scope and extent of the Crown Guarantee for the Scheme, which was granted by the Government on BT's privatisation. All parties now need to consider the judgment and its consequences in detail, including the possibility of an appeal to the Supreme Court. The Crown Guarantee is not taken into account for the purposes of the actuarial valuation of the Scheme and is an entirely separate matter, only being relevant in the highly unlikely event that BT became insolvent.

¹ Before purchases of telecommunications licences

² Before specific items, purchases of telecommunications licences, pension deficit payments and the cash tax benefit of pension deficit payments

Regulation

In June 2014, Ofcom issued its final statements on its review of the Fixed Access and Wholesale Broadband Access markets. New price controls over certain services in these markets have been imposed from 1 July 2014 to 31 March 2017. In most cases, as agreed with Ofcom, the controls have been backdated to 1 April 2014. We expect the Fixed Access charge controls to impact Openreach by £80m-£100m this year.

In June 2014, Ofcom completed an investigation following a complaint which alleged that BT had abused its dominant position, by squeezing the margin between the prices BT Consumer charged for some of its fibre broadband products and the wholesale price charged by Openreach. Ofcom provisionally found that there were no grounds for action. It is also consulting on imposing an ex ante test by which we must demonstrate that we maintain an appropriate margin between prices for our wholesale and retail fibre access products.

In July 2014, the Supreme Court overturned a Court of Appeal decision, made in July 2012, which had disallowed our ladder pricing policy. Ladder pricing links the amounts that BT charges mobile operators for mobile calls to 080X, 084X and 087X numbers terminating on our network to the retail price charged by mobile operators to their customers. We will now start proceedings to recover the money that was refunded to the mobile operators as a result of the Court of Appeal ruling. We are awaiting the Court Order after which we will also be pursuing claims for further termination charges for the period since the Court of Appeal ruling. Any ongoing benefit will depend on whether the mobile operators alter their pricing which would impact the termination rates we charge them.

OPERATING REVIEW

BT Global Services

	First quarter to 30 June			
	2014	2013 ¹	Change	
	£m	£m	£m	%
Revenue	1,647	1,752	(105)	(6)
- underlying excluding transit				(2)
Operating costs	1,434	1,542	(108)	(7)
EBITDA	213	210	3	1
Depreciation & amortisation	140	153	(13)	(8)
Operating profit	73	57	16	28
Capital expenditure	106	116	(10)	(9)
Operating cash flow	(337)	(262)	(75)	(29)

¹ Restated, see Note 1 to the condensed consolidated financial statements

Revenue

Revenue declined 6% mainly reflecting a £68m negative impact from foreign exchange movements and a £12m decrease in transit revenue. Underlying revenue excluding transit decreased 2%.

As expected, public sector revenue in the UK declined due to lower levels of expenditure in the sector and our focus on only pursuing business that generates economic value. This decline was partially offset by an increase in underlying revenue in the high-growth regions of Asia Pacific, Latin America, Turkey and the Middle East and Africa.

With effect from 1 April 2014 we have transferred our Conferencing and Security businesses into BT Global Services. We did this to allow us to simplify the way we provide integrated collaboration solutions to our global customers, help us better compete in the market and take full advantage of global opportunities.

Total order intake was £1.1bn. This was down 38% reflecting a large contract renewal with Credit Suisse in the prior year and a smaller number of contracts coming up for renewal in this quarter. Order intake was £6.3bn on a rolling twelve month basis, down 8%.

We signed contracts across all of our key geographies. We agreed a new networking and IT services contract with the Security Industry Authority, the regulatory and licensing body for the private security industry in the UK. We also agreed a contract with a subsidiary of Capita, Smart DCC, to deliver a security solution for the UK smart metering programme. In the US, we extended our relationship with MasterCard for global network services.

Operating results

Operating costs declined 7%. Underlying operating costs excluding transit declined 2% reflecting the benefit of our cost transformation programmes as well as the reduction in revenue.

EBITDA increased 1%. Excluding foreign exchange movements, underlying EBITDA increased 4%. Depreciation and amortisation reduced 8% due to lower capital expenditure in recent years.

Capital expenditure declined 9% due to the phasing of expenditure. Operating cash flow was an outflow of £337m (Q1 2013/14: £262m) reflecting the usual seasonal phasing of working capital as well as the previously disclosed early customer receipts of around £60m that we received in the fourth quarter of last year.

BT Business

	First quarter to 30 June			
	2014	2013 ¹	Change	
	£m	£m	£m	%
Revenue	762	785	(23)	(3)
- underlying excluding transit				(3)
Operating costs	522	549	(27)	(5)
EBITDA	240	236	4	2
Depreciation & amortisation	43	53	(10)	(19)
Operating profit	197	183	14	8
Capital expenditure	24	33	(9)	(27)
Operating cash flow	190	109	81	74

¹ Restated, see Note 1 to the condensed consolidated financial statements

Revenue

Revenue and underlying revenue excluding transit were down 3%.

SME & Corporate voice revenue decreased 4%. The decline in call and lines volumes has continued, with the number of business lines down 8%, partly reflecting the migration of customers to VoIP services.

SME & Corporate data and networking revenue was flat, with growth in fibre broadband offset by a decline in networking revenue.

IT services revenue decreased 2%, a disappointing performance, driven by lower hardware sales.

Excluding a £3m negative impact from foreign exchange movements, BT Ireland underlying revenue excluding transit declined 3%. Growth in the Republic of Ireland was more than offset by a decline in networking revenue in Northern Ireland.

In July, we launched BT One Phone, a new service that brings together all of a company's office phone system and mobile needs into a single service delivered on a mobile phone. This fixed-mobile convergence offering is hosted in the cloud and provides business customers with a solution that is convenient and flexible, at a lower cost of ownership.

Order intake was up 3% for the quarter at £484m and down 6% to £2,111m on a rolling twelve month basis.

Operating results

Operating costs were down 5%, reflecting the impact of our cost transformation programmes and the reduction in revenue, and drove 2% growth in EBITDA. We have continued to realise cost synergies by combining BT Enterprises, the non-consumer parts of BT Ireland and the previous Business unit together into one organisation. This has enabled us to reduce total labour resource by 9%.

Depreciation and amortisation was down 19% due to lower capital expenditure in recent years. This contributed to operating profit growing 8%.

Capital expenditure decreased £9m due to the phasing of expenditure. Operating cash flow increased 74%, mainly driven by the timing of working capital movements.

BT Consumer

	First quarter to 30 June			
	2014	2013	Change	
	£m	£m	£m	%
Revenue	1,046	950	96	10
Operating costs	808	719	89	12
EBITDA	238	231	7	3
Depreciation & amortisation	55	55	-	-
Operating profit	183	176	7	4
Capital expenditure	39	56	(17)	(30)
Operating cash flow	227	146	81	55

Revenue

Revenue increased 10%, with 26% growth in broadband and TV revenue reflecting the impact of BT Sport. The improved performance in calls and lines revenue continued with growth of 2%. ARPU increased 8% year on year to £398 and BT Wi-fi usage doubled to over 12bn minutes.

Consumer line losses of 69,000 were 47% better than last year. Including business, BT added 104,000 retail broadband customers, 64% of the DSL and fibre broadband market net additions. Fibre continued to grow strongly with 226,000 BT retail fibre broadband net additions, up 15%, taking the customer base to over 2.3m.

We commenced the exchange of legacy set-top boxes in the quarter which resulted in some TV customer churn, as anticipated. As part of this process, we have also removed 35,000 inactive customers from our TV base. Excluding these, we added 40,000 TV customers in the quarter.

BT Sport had a strong quarter with continued growth in the residential subscriber base. We now have more than 19,000 pubs, clubs, hotels and other commercial premises signed up to BT Sport. We provided coverage from this year's showpiece grass court tennis tournaments in the run-up to Wimbledon following an agreement with the Lawn Tennis Association. Following the acquisition of rights to the Portuguese Primeira Liga, we now have live football from nine top-flight leagues. The new European Rugby Championship and the European Rugby Challenge Cup competitions, for which we have some of the top picks, launch in the new season.

Operating results

Operating costs increased 12% with higher costs associated with BT Sport and the increased revenue partly offset by our cost transformation activities.

EBITDA was up 3%. Depreciation and amortisation was in line with the prior year and operating profit was up 4%.

Capital expenditure reduced 30% partly reflecting our investment in BT Sport in the prior year. Operating cash flow increased 55% mainly reflecting the timing of working capital and the lower capital expenditure.

BT Wholesale

	First quarter to 30 June			
	2014	2013	Change	
	£m	£m	£m	%
Revenue	525	638	(113)	(18)
- underlying excluding transit				(14)
Operating costs	399	481	(82)	(17)
EBITDA	126	157	(31)	(20)
Depreciation & amortisation	59	64	(5)	(8)
Operating profit	67	93	(26)	(28)
Capital expenditure	53	64	(11)	(17)
Operating cash flow	11	(31)	42	n/m

Revenue

Revenue decreased 18%. This includes a £34m decline in transit revenue driven by lower volumes.

Underlying revenue excluding transit decreased 14%. This was primarily due to a 21% decline in managed solutions revenue which reflects a particularly strong performance in the prior year as well as the ongoing impact of the Post Office contract termination.

Traditional calls, lines and circuits revenue declined 23%, partly due to lower fixed termination rates following Ofcom's Narrowband Market Review.

Broadband revenue declined 15% as lines continue to migrate to LLU. We continue to see strong growth in IP services, with revenue up 42%.

Order intake was £264m, compared with £509m last year, and was down 18% to £1,665m on a rolling twelve month basis.

Operating results

Operating costs decreased 17%. Underlying operating costs excluding transit reduced 12% reflecting lower cost of sales as a result of the decline in revenue. Selling and general administration costs reduced 17%.

EBITDA decreased 20% reflecting the lower revenue. Depreciation and amortisation decreased 8% and operating profit decreased 28%.

Capital expenditure declined £11m or 17% driven by lower spend on the Wholesale Broadband Connect rollout programme. Operating cash flow of £11m was £42m better than last year reflecting improved billing processes and the timing of customer receipts.

Openreach

	First quarter to 30 June			
	2014	2013	Change	
	£m	£m	£m	%
Revenue	1,245	1,245	-	-
Operating costs	621	640	(19)	(3)
EBITDA	624	605	19	3
Depreciation & amortisation	349	369	(20)	(5)
Operating profit	275	236	39	17
Capital expenditure	258	280	(22)	(8)
Operating cash flow	298	269	29	11

Revenue

Revenue was flat with regulatory price changes having a negative impact of around £40m, the equivalent of 3%. This was mostly offset by 46% growth in fibre broadband revenue. We expect the regulatory impact to be higher in the second quarter as the remaining Fixed Access Market Review controls come into effect.

The physical line base grew by 12,000 and has increased by 82,000 over the past twelve months.

We have passed more than 20m premises with our fibre broadband rollout. We achieved 341,000 net fibre connections, an increase of 29%. That brings the number of homes and businesses connected to more than 3m, 15% of those passed. Overall DSL and fibre broadband market net additions were 163,000, 14% down on last year.

We have committed to increase transparency around our customer service performance and have started publishing regular reports on the Openreach website which show how we are performing against a set of provision and repair service measures.

Operating results

Operating costs reduced 3% as cost efficiencies offset pay inflation and the additional engineering resource we have recruited to support fibre provision in rural areas. EBITDA increased 3%, and with depreciation and amortisation down 5%, operating profit was up 17%.

Capital expenditure decreased 8%. While our commercial fibre build is nearing completion, we have increased the overall intensity of our fibre rollout through the BDUK programme. We received grant funding of £73m (Q1 2013/14: £12m) relating to the BDUK programme with the increase from last year broadly offsetting the overall increase in our fibre capital expenditure. Operating cash flow increased 11%.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Group income statement

For the first quarter to 30 June 2014

	Before specific items £m	Specific items £m	Total £m
Revenue	4,354	-	4,354
Operating costs	(3,571)	(44)	(3,615)
Operating profit	783	(44)	739
Finance expense	(148)	(73)	(221)
Finance income	3	-	3
Net finance expense	(145)	(73)	(218)
Profit on disposal of interest in associate	-	25	25
Profit before tax	638	(92)	546
Tax	(127)	22	(105)
Profit for the period	511	(70)	441
Earnings per share			
- basic	6.5p		5.6p
- diluted	6.2p		5.4p

Group income statement

For the first quarter to 30 June 2013

	Before specific items £m	Specific items £m	Total £m
Revenue	4,449	-	4,449
Operating costs	(3,706)	(84)	(3,790)
Operating profit	743	(84)	659
Finance expense	(149)	(59)	(208)
Finance income	3	-	3
Net finance expense	(146)	(59)	(205)
Share of post tax losses of associates and joint ventures	(2)	-	(2)
Loss on disposal of interest in associate	-	(3)	(3)
Profit before tax	595	(146)	449
Tax	(135)	32	(103)
Profit for the period	460	(114)	346
Earnings per share			
- basic	5.9p		4.4p
- diluted	5.6p		4.2p

Group cash flow statement

For the first quarter to 30 June

	First quarter to 30 June	
	2014	2013
	£m	£m
Profit before tax	546	449
Depreciation and amortisation	652	697
Net finance expense	218	205
(Profit) loss on disposal of associates	(25)	3
Share of post tax losses of associates and joint ventures	-	2
Share-based payments	18	18
Increase in working capital	(552)	(748)
Provisions, pensions and other non-cash movements	55	33
Cash generated from operations	912	659
Tax paid	(114)	(11)
Net cash inflow from operating activities	798	648
Cash flow from investing activities		
Interest received	2	1
Proceeds on disposal of property, plant and equipment	3	2
Acquisition of subsidiaries, net of cash acquired	-	(2)
Acquisition of associates and joint ventures	(2)	(2)
Disposal of associates and joint ventures	25	2
Purchases of property, plant and equipment and computer software	(533)	(602)
Net purchase of non-current asset investments	(2)	-
Purchases of current financial assets	(2,415)	(2,494)
Sale of current financial assets	2,554	2,031
Net cash used in investing activities	(368)	(1,064)
Cash flow from financing activities		
Interest paid	(207)	(223)
Equity dividends paid	(1)	(1)
New borrowings	812	393
Repayment of borrowings	(631)	(1)
Cash flows from derivatives related to net debt	(9)	(96)
Net repayment of commercial paper	(338)	(158)
Proceeds on issue of own shares	4	10
Repurchase of ordinary share capital	(141)	(75)
Net cash used in financing activities	(511)	(151)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(81)	(567)
Opening cash and cash equivalents	684	919
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(81)	(567)
Effect of exchange rate changes	(5)	(7)
Closing cash and cash equivalents including overdrafts	598	345
Add back bank overdrafts	15	8
Closing cash and cash equivalents	613	353

Group balance sheet

	30 June 2014 £m	30 June 2013 £m	31 March 2014 £m
Non-current assets			
Intangible assets	3,023	3,215	3,087
Property, plant and equipment	13,714	14,098	13,840
Derivative financial instruments	504	901	539
Investments	36	60	34
Associates and joint ventures	19	23	18
Trade and other receivables	205	180	214
Deferred tax assets	1,467	1,257	1,460
	18,968	19,734	19,192
Current assets			
Programme rights	277	247	108
Inventories	96	118	82
Trade and other receivables	3,189	3,184	2,907
Current tax receivable	19	-	26
Derivative financial instruments	67	132	114
Investments	1,636	995	1,774
Cash and cash equivalents	613	353	695
	5,897	5,029	5,706
Current liabilities			
Loans and other borrowings	1,283	2,067	1,873
Derivative financial instruments	137	62	139
Trade and other payables	5,186	5,321	5,261
Current tax liabilities	313	187	315
Provisions	99	105	99
	7,018	7,742	7,687
Total assets less current liabilities	17,847	17,021	17,211
Non-current liabilities			
Loans and other borrowings	8,184	8,024	7,941
Derivative financial instruments	684	616	679
Retirement benefit obligations	7,199	5,196	7,022
Other payables	902	886	898
Deferred tax liabilities	821	1,192	829
Provisions	416	492	434
	18,206	16,406	17,803
Equity			
Ordinary shares	408	408	408
Reserves (deficit)	(767)	207	(1,000)
Total equity (deficit)	(359)	615	(592)
	17,847	17,021	17,211

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1 Basis of preparation and accounting policies

These condensed consolidated financial statements ('the financial statements') comprise the financial results of BT Group plc for the quarters to 30 June 2014 and 30 June 2013 together with the audited balance sheet at 31 March 2014.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting policies as set out in the financial statements for the year to 31 March 2014 and have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of financial assets and liabilities (including derivative financial instruments) at fair value.

These financial statements do not constitute statutory accounts within the meaning of Section 434 of the Companies Act 2006 and have not been audited or reviewed by the independent auditors. Statutory accounts for the year to 31 March 2014 were approved by the Board of Directors on 7 May 2014, published on 22 May 2014, and delivered to the Registrar of Companies. The report of the auditors on those accounts was unqualified and did not contain any statement under Section 498 of the Companies Act 2006. These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the annual financial statements for the year to 31 March 2014.

Restatement of certain line of business results

From 1 April 2014 BT Conferencing and BT Security have moved into BT Global Services from BT Business and our central group functions respectively. This will help us simplify the way we provide integrated collaboration solutions to our global customers, better compete in the market and take full advantage of global opportunities.

Comparative results for BT Global Services, BT Business and Other and intra-group items have been restated to be presented on a consistent basis. These organisational changes do not impact the results of BT Consumer, BT Wholesale or Openreach and there is no impact on the total group results. More details are set out in our related press release published on 16 June 2014.

Forward-looking statements – caution advised

Certain statements in this results release are forward-looking and are made in reliance on the safe harbour provisions of the US Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These statements include, without limitation, those concerning: our outlook; cost transformation; our net debt, liquidity and funding position; our investment in fibre, the rollout progress and our BDUK activity; our investment in TV and our BT Sport content; and the impact of regulatory and legal decisions and outcomes of appeals.

Although BT believes that the expectations reflected in these forward-looking statements are reasonable, it can give no assurance that these expectations will prove to have been correct. Because these statements involve risks and uncertainties, actual results may differ materially from those expressed or implied by these forward-looking statements.

Factors that could cause differences between actual results and those implied by the forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to: material adverse changes in economic conditions in the markets served by BT; future regulatory actions, decisions, and conditions or requirements in BT's operating areas, including competition from others; selection by BT and its lines of business of the appropriate trading and marketing models for its products and services; fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates and interest rates; technological innovations, including the cost of developing new products, networks and solutions and the need to increase expenditures for improving the quality of service; prolonged adverse weather conditions resulting in a material increase in overtime, staff or other costs, or impact on customer service; developments in the convergence of technologies; the anticipated benefits and advantages of new technologies, products and services not being realised; the timing of entry and profitability of BT in certain communications markets; significant changes in market shares for BT and its principal products and services; the underlying assumptions and estimates made in respect of major customer contracts proving unreliable; the aims of the group-wide restructuring programme not being achieved; and general financial market conditions affecting BT's performance and ability to raise finance. BT undertakes no obligation to update any forward-looking statements whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.